

Q1  $C_i = \text{mass of cereal box } i \text{ (R.V.)}$

$$C_i \sim \text{Normal}(\mu_{C_i} = 385 \text{ g}, \sigma_{C_i}^2 = (5 \text{ g})^2)$$

We want:  $P(C_1 + \dots + C_{10} < 3800 \text{ g}) = ?$

Assume  $C_i \perp C_j$  ( $i \neq j$ )  $\Rightarrow$  The given thm holds

$$\therefore C_1 + \dots + C_{10} \sim \text{Normal}(\mu = 3850 \text{ g}, \sigma^2 = 250 \text{ g}^2)$$

$$\mu = \sum_{i=1}^{10} \mu_{C_i} = \sum_{i=1}^{10} 385 = 3850 \text{ (g)},$$

$$\sigma^2 = \sum_{i=1}^{10} \sigma_{C_i}^2 = \sum_{i=1}^{10} 5^2 = 250 \text{ (g}^2)$$

$$\Rightarrow P(C_1 + \dots + C_{10} < 3800 \text{ g})$$

$$P\left(\frac{\sum_{i=1}^{10} C_i - 3850}{\sqrt{250}} < \frac{3800 - 3850}{\sqrt{250}}\right)$$

$$P(Z < -3.162278) \approx 0$$

0.07827011%

$$\underline{Q3} \quad X \sim N(\mu = 27, \sigma^2 = 3^2)$$

$$P(X < t) = P\left(\frac{X-27}{3} < \frac{t-27}{3}\right) = \Phi\left(\frac{t-27}{3}\right)$$

$$(a) P(X < 20) = \Phi\left(\frac{20-27}{3}\right) = \Phi\left(-\frac{7}{3}\right) = 0.981539\%$$

$$(b) P(15 < X < 25) = \Phi\left(\frac{25-27}{3}\right) - \Phi\left(\frac{15-27}{3}\right)$$

$$= \Phi\left(-\frac{2}{3}\right) - \Phi(-4)$$

$$= 25.24925\% - 0.003167124\%$$

$$= 25.24609\%$$

$$(c) P(X > 50) = 1 - P(X < 50) = 1 - \Phi\left(\frac{50-27}{3}\right)$$

$$= 1 - \Phi(7.6)$$

$$\approx 1 - 1 = 0\%$$